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**Pro Hac Vice*

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
WESTERN DIVISION

PCR DISTRIBUTING CO.,

vs.

Plaintiff,

vs.

JOHN DOES 1 – 10, d/b/a
NHENTAI.NET,

Defendants.

Case No. 24-cv-07453-CV-AJR

~~[PROPOSED]~~ STIPULATED
PROTECTIVE ORDER

District Judge: Hon. Cynthia Valenzuela
Magistrate Judge: Hon. A. Joel Richlin

1 **1. GENERAL**

2 1.1 Purposes and Limitations. Discovery in this action is likely to involve
3 production of confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special
4 protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting
5 this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and
6 petition the Court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The parties
7 acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or
8 responses to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and
9 use extends only to the limited information or items that are entitled to confidential
10 treatment under the applicable legal principles. The parties further acknowledge, as
11 set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not entitle
12 them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-5 sets forth the
13 procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party
14 seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

15 1.2 Good Cause Statement.

16 This action is likely to involve non-public, sensitive, and proprietary
17 commercial, financial, technical, business, and/or personal third party information for
18 which special protection from public disclosure and from use for any purpose other
19 than prosecution of this action is warranted. Such confidential and proprietary
20 materials and information consist of, among other things, confidential business or
21 financial information, information regarding confidential business practices, or other
22 confidential research, commercial information (including information implicating
23 privacy rights of third parties), information otherwise generally unavailable to the
24 public, or which may be privileged or otherwise protected from disclosure under state
25 or federal statutes, court rules, case decisions, or common law. Accordingly, to
26 expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over
27 confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties
28 are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable

necessary uses of such material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case.

2. DEFINITIONS

2.1 Action: this pending federal lawsuit.

2.2 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or items under this Order.

2.3 “CONFIDENTIAL” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause Statement.

“HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c), and as specified above in the Good Cause Statement including but not limited to proprietary information that is believed to be unknown to the opposing party or parties, or any of the employees of a corporate party, non-public commercial, financial, technical and/or proprietary information, For the sake of clarity, such “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information may include personal identification information of third parties but, without a court order, “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” information does not extend to identifying information regarding Parties, their agents, principals, owners, members, predecessors, successors or assigns.

2.4 Counsel: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as their

1 support staff).

2 2.5 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or
3 items that it produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as
4 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES
5 ONLY.”

6 2.6 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless
7 of the medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including,
8 among other things, testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or
9 generated in disclosures or responses to discovery in this matter.

10 2.7 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter
11 pertinent to the litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as
12 an expert witness or as a consultant in this Action.

13 2.8 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this Action.
14 House Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside
15 counsel.

16 2.9 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or
17 other legal entity not named as a Party to this action.

18 2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party
19 to this Action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this Action and have
20 appeared in this Action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm that
21 has appeared on behalf of that party, including support staff.

22 2.11 Party: any party to this Action, including all of its officers, directors,
23 employees, consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their
24 support staffs).

25 2.12 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or
26 Discovery Material in this Action.

27 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support
28 services (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or

demonstrations, and organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.”

2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a Producing Party.

3. SCOPE

The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as defined above), but also (1) any information copied or extracted from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by the orders of the trial judge. This Order does not govern the use of Protected Material at trial.

4. DURATION

Once a case proceeds to trial, all of the court-filed information to be introduced that was previously designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” or maintained pursuant to this protective order becomes public and will be presumptively available to all members of the public, including the press, unless compelling reasons supported by specific factual findings to proceed otherwise are made to the trial judge in advance of the trial. See Kamakana v. City and Cty. of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172, 1180-81 (9th Cir. 2006) (distinguishing “good cause” showing for sealing documents produced in discovery from “compelling reasons” standard when merits-related documents are part of court record). Accordingly, the terms of this protective order do not extend beyond the commencement of the trial.

5. DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

1 5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection.

2 Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this
3 Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies
4 under the appropriate standards. The Designating Party must designate for protection
5 only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that
6 qualify so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications
7 for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of
8 this Order.

9 Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations
10 that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper
11 purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber the case development process or to impose
12 unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party
13 to sanctions.

14 If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it
15 designated for protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must
16 promptly notify all other Parties that it is withdrawing the inapplicable designation.

17 5.2 Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in
18 this Order (see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise
19 stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection
20 under this Order must be clearly so designated before the material is disclosed or
21 produced.

22 Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

23 (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic
24 documents, but excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial
25 proceedings), that the Producing Party affix, at a minimum, the legend
26 "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"
27 to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the
28 material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly

1 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the
2 margins).

3 A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents available for inspection
4 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated
5 which documents it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and
6 before the designation, all of the material made available for inspection shall be
7 deemed “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES
8 ONLY.” After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants copied and
9 produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof,
10 qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified
11 documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
12 CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” to each page that contains
13 Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies
14 for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s)
15 (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins).

16 (b) for testimony given in depositions that the Designating Party identify
17 the Disclosure or Discovery Material on the record, before the close of the deposition.

18 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and
19 for any other tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on
20 the exterior of the container or containers in which the information is stored the legend
21 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES
22 ONLY.” If only a portion or portions of the information warrants protection, the
23 Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall identify the protected portion(s).

24 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent
25 failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the
26 Designating Party’s right to secure protection under this Order for such material.
27 Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable
28 efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this

Order.

6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of confidentiality at any time that is consistent with the Court's Scheduling Order.

6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process under Local Rule 37-1, et seq. Any discovery motion must strictly comply with the procedures set forth in Local Rules 37-1, 37-2, and 37-3.

6.3 Burden. The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived or withdrawn the confidentiality designation, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the Court rules on the challenge.

7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this Action only for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this Action. Such Protected Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the Action has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in a secure manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated

1 “CONFIDENTIAL” only to:

2 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as
3 well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably
4 necessary to disclose the information for this Action;

5 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of
6 the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action;

7 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
8 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
9 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

10 (d) the Court and its personnel;

11 (e) court reporters and their staff;

12 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
13 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
14 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

15 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or
16 a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

17 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in
18 the Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing
19 party requests that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit A hereto; and (2) they
20 will not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the
21 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise
22 agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the Court. Pages of transcribed
23 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may be
24 separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as
25 permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

26 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
27 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

28 7.3 Disclosure of “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES

1 ONLY” Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the Court or permitted in
2 writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or
3 item designated “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY” only
4 to:

5 (a) the Receiving Party’s Outside Counsel of Record in this Action, as
6 well as employees of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably
7 necessary to disclose the information for this Action;

8 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom
9 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have signed the
10 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

11 (d) the Court and its personnel;

12 (e) court reporters and their staff;

13 (f) professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and Professional
14 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this Action and who have
15 signed the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A);

16 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or
17 a custodian or other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

18 (h) during their depositions, witnesses, and attorneys for witnesses, in
19 the Action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary provided: (1) the deposing
20 party requests that the witness sign the form attached as Exhibit A hereto; and (2) they
21 will not be permitted to keep any confidential information unless they sign the
22 “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” (Exhibit A), unless otherwise
23 agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the Court. Pages of transcribed
24 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material may be
25 separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as
26 permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order; and

27 (i) any mediator or settlement officer, and their supporting personnel,
28 mutually agreed upon by any of the parties engaged in settlement discussions.

1 **8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED**
2 **PRODUCED IN OTHER LITIGATION**

3 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation
4 that compels disclosure of any information or items designated in this Action as
5 “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY”
6 that Party must:

7 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall
8 include a copy of the subpoena or court order;

9 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to
10 issue in the other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena
11 or order is subject to this Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of
12 this Stipulated Protective Order; and

13 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued
14 by the Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

15 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with
16 the subpoena or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action
17 as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES
18 ONLY” before a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued,
19 unless the Party has obtained the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating
20 Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection in that court of its
21 confidential material and nothing in these provisions should be construed as
22 authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this Action to disobey a lawful
23 directive from another court.

24 **9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE**
25 **PRODUCED IN THIS LITIGATION**

26 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-
27 Party in this Action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL” or “HIGHLY
28 CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEYS’ EYES ONLY.” Such information produced by

1 Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief
2 provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be construed as
3 prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

4 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce
5 a Non-Party's confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an
6 agreement with the Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party's confidential
7 information, then the Party shall:

8 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party
9 that some or all of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement
10 with a Non-Party;

11 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated
12 Protective Order in this Action, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably
13 specific description of the information requested; and

14 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-
15 Party, if requested.

16 (c) If the Non-Party fails to seek a protective order from this Court within 14
17 days of receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may
18 produce the Non-Party's confidential information responsive to the discovery request.
19 If the Non-Party timely seeks a protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce
20 any information in its possession or control that is subject to the confidentiality
21 agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the Court. Absent a court
22 order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking
23 protection in this Court of its Protected Material.

24 **10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL**

25 If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed
26 Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this
27 Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in
28 writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts

1 to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or
2 persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order,
3 and (d) request such person or persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and
4 Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

5 **11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE**
6 **PROTECTED MATERIAL**

7 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain
8 inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection,
9 the obligations of the Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil
10 Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to modify whatever procedure
11 may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production without prior
12 privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the
13 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or
14 information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the
15 parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted
16 to the Court.

17 **12. MISCELLANEOUS**

18 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any
19 person to seek its modification by the Court in the future.

20 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this
21 Protective Order, no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to
22 disclosing or producing any information or item on any ground not addressed in this
23 Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any right to object on any
24 ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective Order.

25 12.3 Filing Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any
26 Protected Material must comply with Civil Local Rule 79-5. Protected Material may
27 only be filed under seal pursuant to a court order authorizing the sealing of the specific
28 Protected Material at issue; good cause must be shown in the request to file under

1 seal. If a Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by the Court,
2 then the Receiving Party may file the information in the public record unless
3 otherwise instructed by the Court.

4 **13. FINAL DISPOSITION**

5 After the final disposition of this Action, within 60 days of a written request by
6 the Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the
7 Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected
8 Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other
9 format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected
10 Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written
11 certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the
12 Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where
13 appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed, and (2) affirms
14 that the Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations,
15 summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material.
16 Notwithstanding this provision, counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all
17 pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,
18 correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product,
19 and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected
20 Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material
21 remain subject to this Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

22 **14. VIOLATION OF ORDER**

23 Any violation of this Order may be punished by any and all appropriate
24 measures including, without limitation, contempt proceedings and/or monetary
25 sanctions.

26
27 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.
28

1 DATED: June 27, 2025

2 /s/ Eric Bjorgum
3 Attorneys for Plaintiff PCR Distributing Co.

4
5 DATED: June 27, 2025

6
7 /s/Jennifer M. Rynell
8 Attorneys for Defendant X Separator LLC

9
10 FOR GOOD CAUSE SHOWN, IT IS SO ORDERED.

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12 DATED: 6/27/2025

13 
14 HON. A. JOEL RICHLIN
15 United States Magistrate Judge
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EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, _____ [**full name**], of _____
[**full address**], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and
understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States
District Court for the Central District of California on _____ [**date**] in the
case of _____ [**insert case name and number**]. I agree to comply with and
to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and
acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment
in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner
any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any
person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court
for the Central District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this
Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after
termination of this action. I hereby appoint _____ [**full**
name] of _____ [**full address and**
telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with
this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective
Order.

Date: _____

City and State where signed: _____

Printed name: _____

Signature: _____